

# Pavement Design for Practitioners - PAVEXpress



Curt Dunn, P.E.  
ND DOT

Amy Miller, P.E.  
Asphalt Pavement Alliance



The Asphalt Pavement Alliance (APA) is a coalition of the Asphalt Institute, the National Asphalt Pavement Association, and the State Asphalt Pavement Associations.

A construction worker wearing a high-visibility yellow and grey safety vest and a black long-sleeved shirt is using a tablet computer. The worker's right hand is pointing at the screen, while their left hand, wearing a yellow work glove, holds the tablet. The background is dark and out of focus.

# PAVEXpress

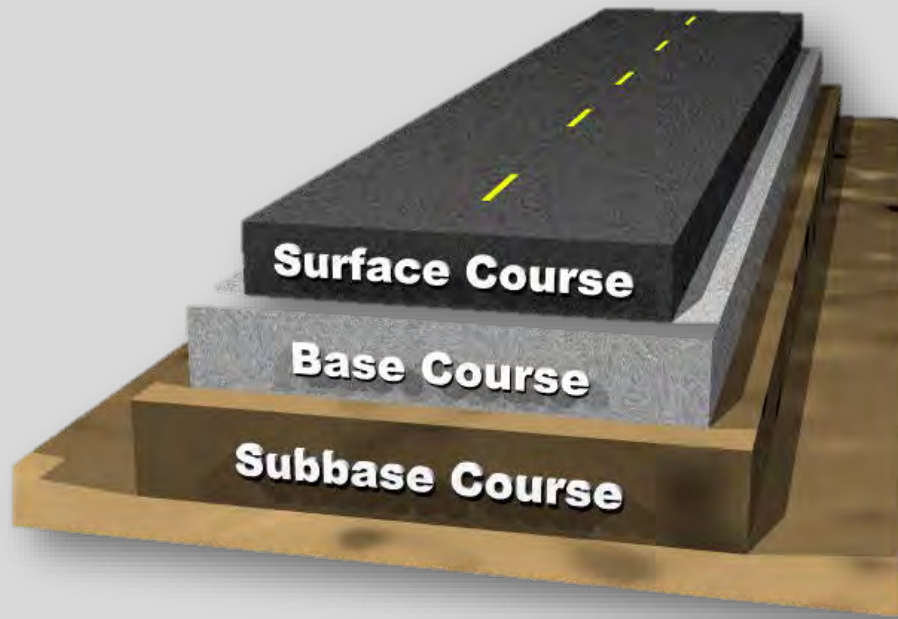
*A Simplified Pavement Design Tool*

[www.PAVEXpressDesign.com](http://www.PAVEXpressDesign.com)

# Brief Overview

- Why PaveXpress?
- What Is PaveXpress?
- An Introduction
- Overview of the System
- Recent Additions
- New Learning Module





AASHTO has been developing MEPDG for high volume roads, but a gap has developed for local roads and lower volume roads.

# What Is PAVEXpress?

A free, online tool to help you create simplified pavement designs using key engineering inputs, based on the AASHTO 1993 and 1998 supplement pavement design process.

- Accessible via the web and mobile devices
- Free – no cost to use
- Based on AASHTO pavement design equations
- User-friendly
- Share, save, and print project designs
- Interactive help and resource links



**PAVEX**press

# What Does PaveXpress Do?

- New pavement designs - asphalt and concrete
- Asphalt overlay designs
- Initial cost estimates
- Life cycle cost analysis
- Mechanistic pavement analysis
- Porous pavement design

# Verified

- Verified by Gary Sharpe, P.E. of Palmer Engineering
- Asphalt design verified by Kansas DOT
- Used by DOTs, cities, county and private engineers around the country



# PAVEXpress Examples

1. Overlay

2. New Construction

# PaveXpress for AC Overlay Design

- AC Overlay Design for Flexible Pavement Rehabilitation Only
- Evaluation Methods for Existing AC Pavement
  - Condition Survey
  - Non-Destructive Deflection Testing
- Includes Questions on Coring and Milling
  - Delamination/Stripping
  - Top-Down or Bottom-Up Cracking
- Adjustment to Existing Pavement Layer Coefficients



# Overlay Example



PAVEXpress

Hwy 32

Flexible Pavement Thickness Design  
(Mill and Overlay of an Existing Asphalt Roadway)

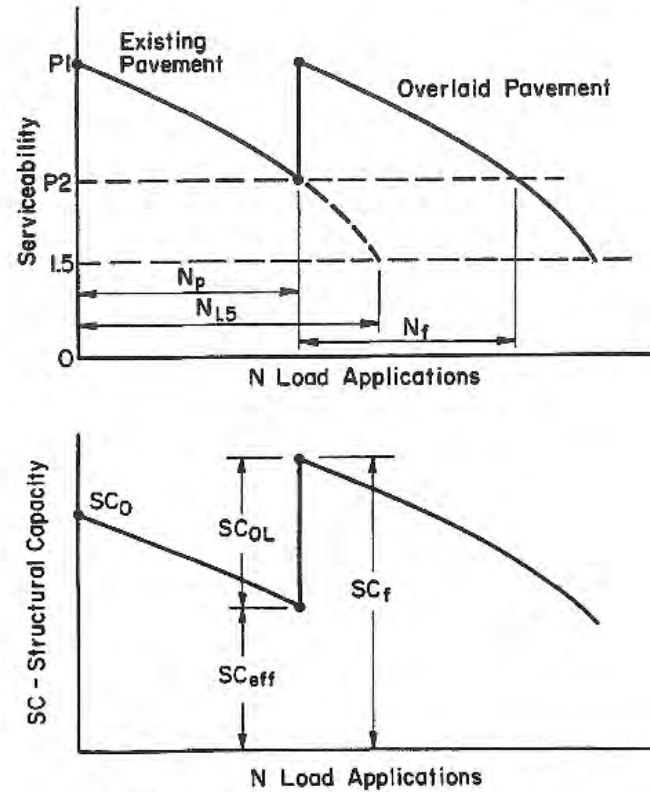


Figure 5.1. Illustration of Structural Capacity Loss Over Time and with Traffic

# Information Obtained for the Hwy 32 design

- Pavement coring
- Falling Weight Deflectometer analysis
- Linear soils survey
- Average daily traffic and Design ESAL's
- Evaluation of present serviceability of the roadway
- Distress survey
- Ride data
- Grading Plans
- Pavement Management Data

# Condition Survey Method



**PAVI**





**PAV**



**PAV**



**PAVE**



PAV

# Pavement Coring



PAV

# Overlay Design Inputs

Reliability 80%  
Initial Serviceability 4.5  
Terminal Serviceability 2.5  
Design ESAL's 1,000,000  
Analysis Period 20 years  
Subgrade Resilient Modulus ( $M_r$ )  
5,000 psi  
Soil Type A-7-6

## Layer Coefficients

- Superpave FAA 43  
0.36
- Existing HBP  
0.25
- Emulsified Base  
0.10 - 0.20
- Aggregate Base CL 5  
0.10

## My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 2 > Hwy 32 Mill and HBP Overlay Print



### Scenario Information

#### Scenario Information

Scenario Name

Scenario Description

State

#### Pavement Design

Estimated Completion Year

Roadway Classification

Project Type

Structural Evaluation Method

## Pavement Layers

### Existing Pavement Layers

Layer Type	Thickness	Action?
Asphalt - Dense Graded	7 in.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Bituminous treated base	3.5 in.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
Aggregate Base	3.5 in.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

Add Layer

### Subgrade

Subgrade Soil Type

Subgrade Modulus ( $M_s$ )  psi

### New AC Overlay

Layer Coeff. (a)

Minimum Thickness

Previous Next

Save





### Alligator Cracking ?

Low



<10 ▾ %

Medium



0 ▾ %

High



0 ▾ %

### Transverse Cracking ?

Low



5-10 ▾ %

Medium



5-10 ▾ %

High



5-10 ▾ %

### Cores

Were cores taken on the roadway? ?

Yes ▾

Were cores of cracks taken? ?

Yes ▾

Crack Type ?

Entire Depth ▾

Delamination/Stripping? ?

No ▾

### Distressed Pavement

Mill/Remove Distressed Asphalt? ?

Yes ▾

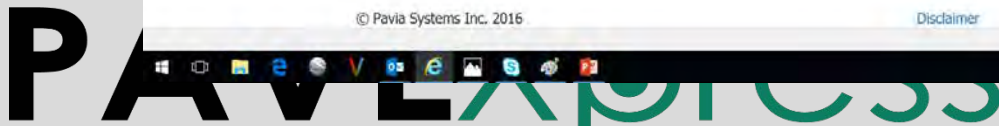
Depth to remove ?

2 inches

Previous

Next

Save



[Home](#)
[My Projects](#)

[My Projects](#) > [Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 2](#) > [Hwy 32 Mill and HBP Overlay](#)
[Print](#)

### Layer Coefficients

Layers

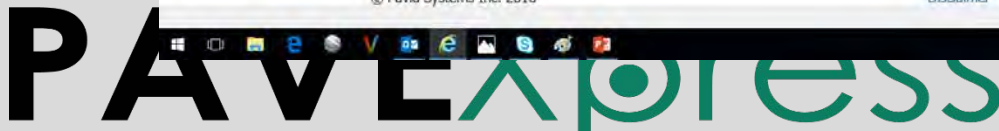
Layer Type	Existing Thickness	AASHTO Recommendation	Layer Coef. (a)	Drainage Coef. (m)	SN
Asphalt - Dense Graded	7"	0.20 to 0.30	<input type="text" value="0.25"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	1.8
Bituminous treated base	3.5"	0.15 to 0.20	<input type="text" value="0.2"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	0.7
Aggregate Base	3.5"	0.00 to 0.1	<input type="text" value="0.1"/>	<input type="text" value="1"/>	0.4

SN<sub>IR</sub> 2.8

▲ You have elected to remove 2 inches of pavement from the surface. This may impact the layer coefficient you select.

[Previous](#)
[Next](#)
[Save](#)

© Pavia Systems Inc. 2016      [Disclaimer](#)      [Privacy Policy](#)      [Terms of Service](#)



Logout

Home My Projects

My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 2 > Hwy 32 Mill and HBP Overlay

Print



## Design Parameters

**Design Parameters**

Design Period  years

Reliability Level (R)   $Z_0 = -0.841$

Combined Standard Error ( $S_e$ )

**Serviceability**

Initial Serviceability Index ( $p_i$ )

Terminal Serviceability Index ( $p_t$ )

Change in Serviceability ( $\Delta PSI$ )

Previous Next

Save



Browser address bar: <http://app.pavexpresdesign.com/Customaires/Custom@pavexpresdesign.com/Report> PavExpress: A Simplified Pa...

Page Title: PavExpress with LCCA Module now in Beta! Logout

Navigation: Home My Projects

Breadcrumbs: My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 2 > Hwy 32 Mill and HBP Overlay Print

Progress Bar: SCENARIO DEFINITION, FURNISH LAIRS, CONDITION SURVEY, LOWER CORRECTIVE, DESIGN PROPERTIES, **TRAFFIC & LOADING**, DESIGN SUMMARY

### Traffic & Loading

#### Traffic Data

Method of Determining ESALs ⓘ

Using AADT Annual ESALs **Design ESALs**

#### Traffic Growth

Total Design ESALs (W<sub>18</sub>) ⓘ

1,000,000

Previous Next Save

© Pavia Systems Inc. 2016 Disclaimer Privacy Policy Terms of Service

System tray: 125% 8:16 AM 4/1/2019

# PAVExpress

Logout

Home **My Projects**

**My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 2 > Hwy 32 Mill and HBP Overlay** [Print](#)



## Guidance

### Scoped Design



### Layer Thicknesses (in)

- Overlay: 4.2
- Asphalt - Dense Graded: 5
- Bituminous treated base: 3.5
- Aggregate Base: 3.5

### Design Notes

You have removed 2 Inches from the surface of the pavement prior to the overlay in this design.

### Resources



# Non-destructive Testing Method

---

**PAVEX**press



PA

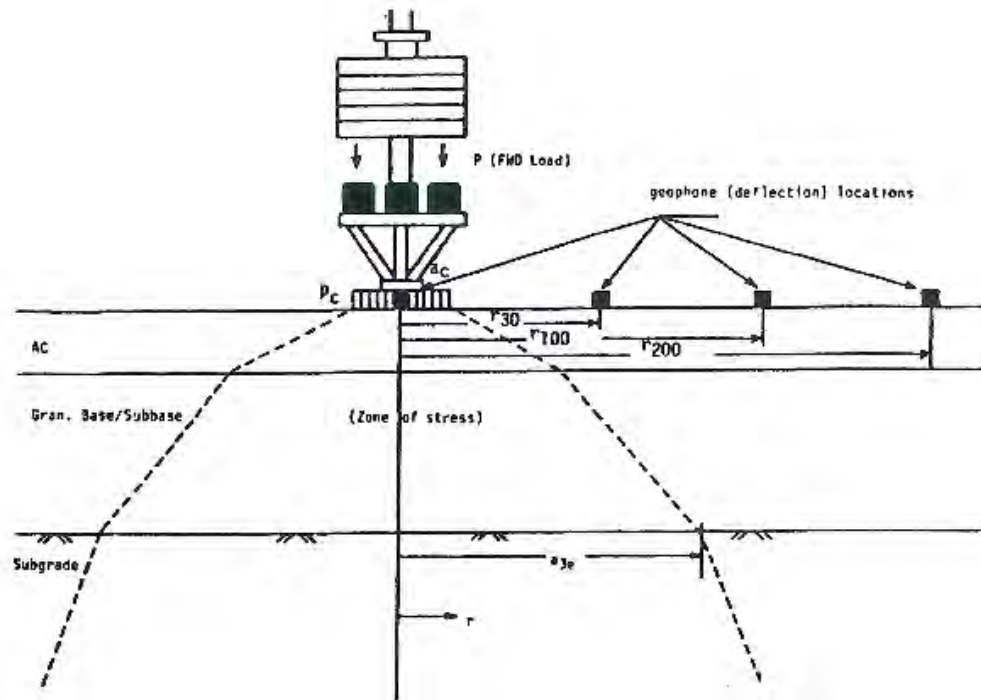
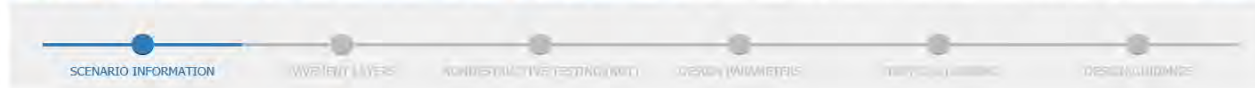


Figure 3.10. Schematic of Stress Zone within Pavement Structure under the FWD Load



## My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 1 > HWY 32 Mill and HBP overlay

Print



### Scenario Information

#### Scenario Information

##### Scenario Name

HWY 32 Mill and HBP overlay

##### Scenario Description

Non Destructive Testing (FWD) Option

##### State

North Dakota

#### Pavement Design

##### Estimated Completion Year

2019

##### Roadway Classification

Arterials/Highway

##### Project Type

AC Overlay on Asphalt

##### Structural Evaluation Method

NDT


Next







Save

Web Site Gallery | Department of Transportation | Internal Camera

SCENARIO INFORMATION   PAVEMENT LAYERS   NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING (NDT)   DESIGN PARAMETERS   TRAFFIC LOADING   DESIGN GUIDANCE


## Pavement Layers


**Existing Pavement Layers** 


Layer Type	Thickness	Action?
Asphalt - Dense Graded	7 in.	 
Asphalt stabilized base	3.5 in.	 
Aggregate Base	3.5 in.	 

[Add Layer](#)

**Subgrade**


Subgrade Soil Type 

A-7-6 


Subgrade Modulus ( $M_R$ ) 

5000   psi   [Calculate](#)

**New AC Overlay**

Layer Coeff. (a) 

0.36

Minimum Thickness 

0

[Previous](#)   [Next](#)   [Save](#)



## Nondestructive Testing (NDT)

### Backcalculation Results

Design Subgrade Modulus ( $M_g$ ) ?

5000

Calculate

$SN_{eff}$  ?

3.41

Calculate

### Cores

Were cores taken on the roadway? ?

Yes

Were cores of cracks taken? ?

Yes

Crack Type ?

Entire Depth

Delamination/Stripping? ?

No

### Distressed Pavement

Mill/Remove Distressed Asphalt? ?

Yes

Depth to remove ?

2

inches

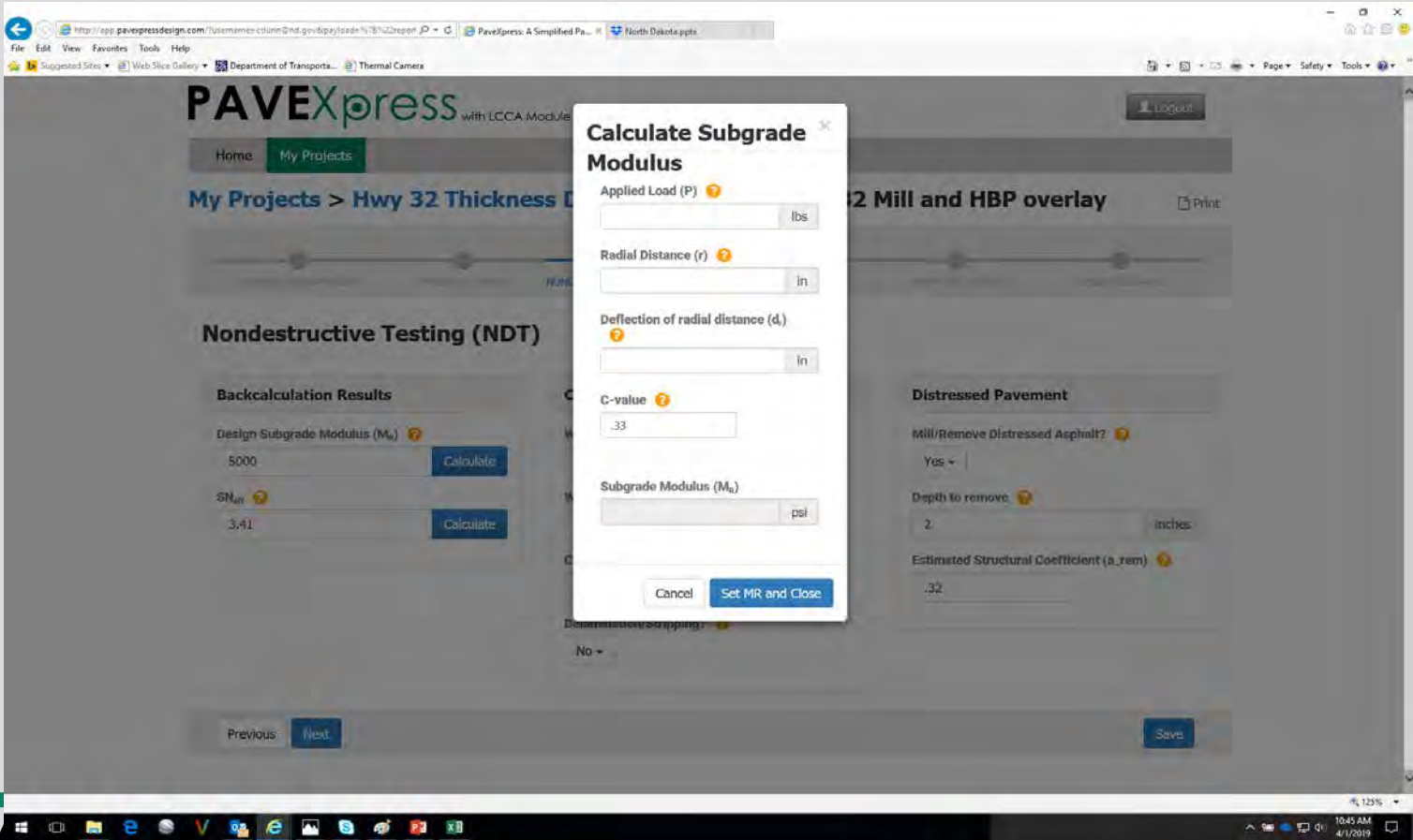
Estimated Structural Coefficient ( $a_{rem}$ ) ?

.32

Previous

Next

Save



PAVEXpress

http://app.pavexpresdesign.com/... PavExpre: A Simplified Pa... North Dakota.pptx

PAVEXpress with LCCA Module

Home My Projects

My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness D

Nondestructive Testing (NDT)

Backcalculation Results

Design Subgrade Modulus ( $M_n$ )

5000 Calculate

$SN_{nd}$

3.41 Calculate

Previous Next

Calculate Effective Strength using Deflection

Contact Pressure (p) psi

Load Plate Radius (a) in

Pavement Thickness (D) in

Design Subgrade Modulus ( $M_n$ ) psi

( $E_s$ ) psi

( $SN_{nd}$ )

Cancel Set  $SN_{nd}$  and Close

Hwy 32 Mill and HBP overlay

Distressed Pavement

Mill/Remove Distressed Asphalt?

Yes -

Depth to remove Inches

2

Estimated Structural Coefficient ( $a_{rem}$ )

.32

Save

125%

10:48 AM 4/1/2019

PAVEXpress

PAVEXpress with LCCA Module now in Beta! [Logout](#)

Home **My Projects**

**My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 1 > HWY 32 Mill and HBP overlay** [Print](#)

DESIGN PARAMETERS

### Design Parameters

Design Parameters	Serviceability
Design Period 20 years	Initial Serviceability Index (p <sub>i</sub> ) 4.5
Reliability Level (R) 80 $Z_R = -0.841$	Terminal Serviceability Index (p <sub>t</sub> ) 2.5
Combined Standard Error (S <sub>e</sub> ) 0.5	Change in Serviceability (ΔPSI) 2.00

[Previous](#) [Next](#) [Save](#)

© Pavia Systems Inc. 2016 [Disclaimer](#) [Privacy Policy](#) [Terms of Service](#)

125% 8:32 AM 4/1/2019

# PAVEXpress

Browser address bar: [https://app.pavexpresdesign.com/Tools/lcca/summary@ndaqgen01payloads%2F%2Freport\\_ID](https://app.pavexpresdesign.com/Tools/lcca/summary@ndaqgen01payloads%2F%2Freport_ID)

Page Title: PAVExpress with LCCA Module now in Beta

Navigation: Home | **My Projects** | Logout

Breadcrumbs: **My Projects > Hwy 32 Thickness Design Option 1 > HWY 32 Mill and HBP overlay** | Print

Progress Bar: [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] **TRAFFIC & LOADING** [ ]

### Traffic & Loading

#### Traffic Data

Method of Determining ESALs ⓘ

Using AADT | Annual ESALs | **Design ESALs**

#### Traffic Growth

Total Design ESALs (W<sub>18</sub>) ⓘ

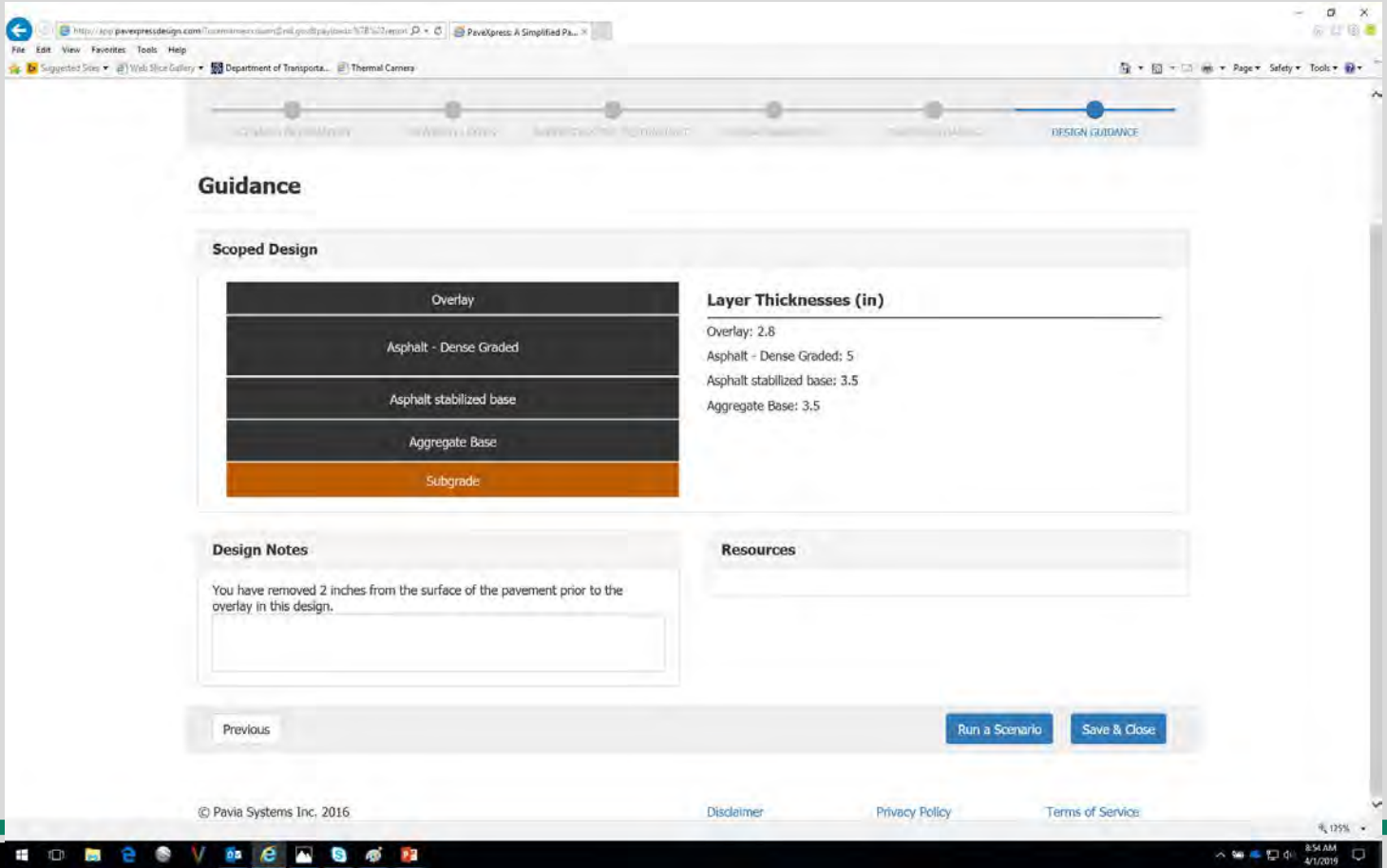
1,000,000

Navigation: Previous | Next | Save

Footer: © Pavia Systems Inc. 2016 | Disclaimer | Privacy Policy | Terms of Service

System Tray: 8:53 AM 4/1/2019

# PAVExpress



PAVEExpress



# New Design Example



## Scenario Information

**Scenario Information**

Scenario Name  
NDakota

Scenario Description  
New Project

State ?  
North Dakota

**Pavement Design**

Estimated Completion Year ?  
2019

Roadway Classification ?  
Arterials/Highway

Project Type ?  
New - Asphalt



## Design Parameters

### Design Parameters

Design Period

 years

Reliability Level (R)

85%  $Z_R = -1.036433$

Combined Standard Error ( $S_0$ )

### Serviceability

Initial Serviceability Index ( $p_i$ )

Terminal Serviceability Index ( $p_t$ )

Change in Serviceability ( $\Delta PSI$ )

SCENARIO INFORMATION

DESIGN PARAMETERS

TRAFFIC & LOADING

PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

PAVEMENT SUB-STRUCTURE

DESIGN GUIDANCE

## Traffic & Loading

### Traffic Data

Method of Determining ESALs ?

Using AADT

Annual ESALs

Design ESALs

Completion Year Traffic (vehicles) ?

350000

Calculate from AADT

Load Equivalency Factor ?

0.14

Calculate LEF

Completion Year ESALs ?

49,000

### Traffic Growth

Design Period

30 Years

Future Traffic Growth Rate ?

2

%

ESAL Growth Rate ?

1

%

Total Design ESALs ( $W_{10}$ ) ?

2,339,000

Previous

Next

Save

# Treating Multiple Asphalt Layers Differently

PAVEXpress allows the designer to input for each lift of asphalt a different:

- *layer coefficient*
- *drainage coefficient*
- *thickness*

The designer can either specify individual inputs for the surface, intermediate (binder) course, and base (leaving the program to calculate the base thickness), or input all asphalt info as a single lift and split it into separate lifts afterward.

*Optimum Lift Thickness = 4 × NMAS*





## PAVEMENT STRUCTURE

### PAVEMENT STRUCTURE (Flexible) (Asphalt)

Use Multiple Lifts 

No 

Layer Coefficient (a) 

0.44

Drainage Coefficient (m) 

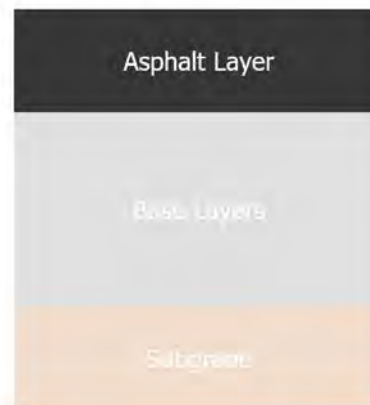
1

Minimum Thickness 

2

in

### PAVEMENT DIAGRAM



Previous

Next

Save

# Layer Coefficient Considerations

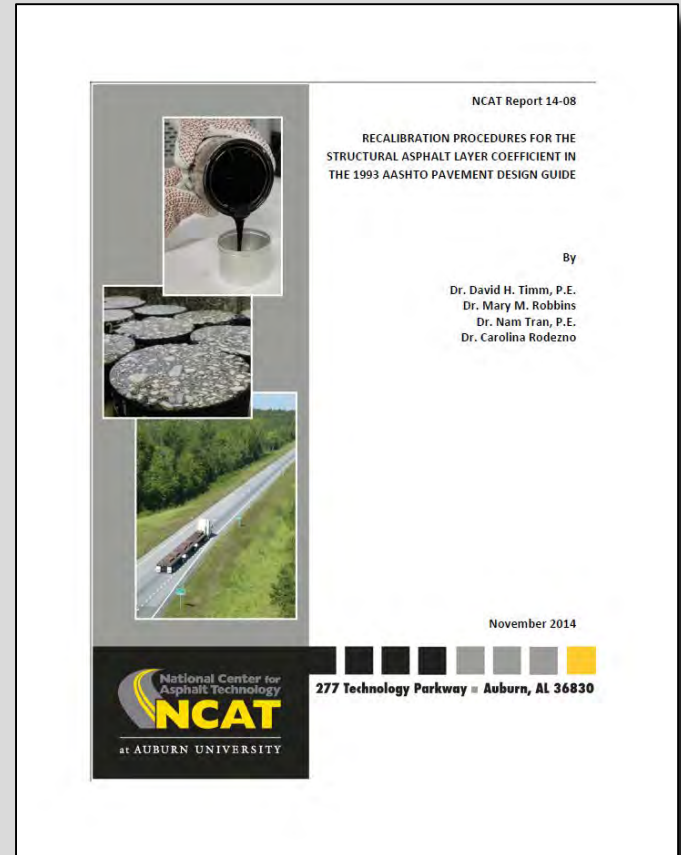
Average values of layer coefficients for materials used in the AASHO Road Test were as follows:

Asphalt Surface Course	0.44
Crushed Stone Base Course	0.14
Sandy Gravel Subbase	0.11

*Keep in mind that these values were empirically derived from a road test with one climate, one soil type, and one asphalt mix type.*

The asphalt layer coefficient used for the Road Test was actually a weighted average of values ranging from 0.33 to 0.83.

More recent studies at the NCAT Test Track found that for Alabama, an asphalt layer coefficient of 0.54 better reflected actual performance.





## Pavement Sub-Structure

### Base Layers

Layer Type	Layer Coef.	Drainage Coef.	Thickness	Resilient Mod	Action?
Aggregate Base	0.12	1	6 in.	28000	 
Aggregate Subbase	0.065	1	2 in.	21000	 

Add Layer

### Subgrade

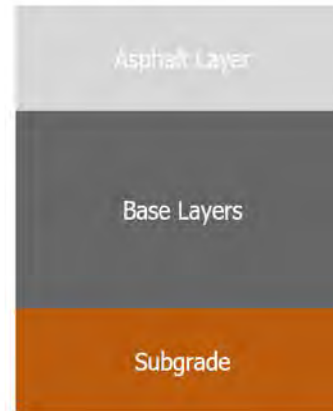
Resilient Modulus ( $M_R$ ) 

15000

psi

Calculate MR

### Pavement Diagram



Previous

Next

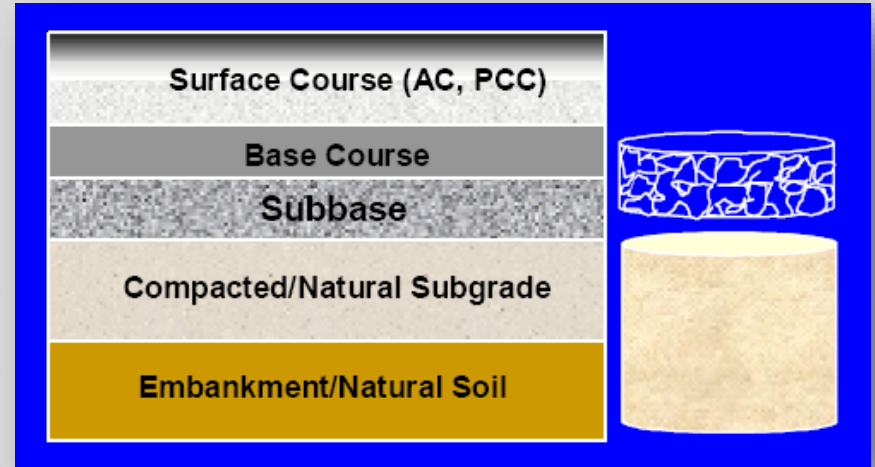
Save



# Subgrade Considerations

The most common methods of classifying the subgrade for pavement design are:

- California Bearing Ratio (CBR)
- Resistance Value ( $R$ )
- Resilient Modulus ( $M_R$ )





## Guidance

### Scoped Design



**Required minimum design SN: 3.15**

#### Layer Thicknesses (in)

Surface: 6.00

Aggregate Base: 6.00

Aggregate Subbase: 2.00

**Total SN: 3.49**

**⚠** The Design SN exceeds the Required SN due to the layer protection check. A base layer thickness can be reduced; however, the reduction may create issues with construction. Therefore, care must be taken before adjusting the fixed or minimum thickness.

### Design Notes

Empty text box for design notes.

### Resources



**Dakota Asphalt Pavement Association**



## Calculated Design

### Recommendation:

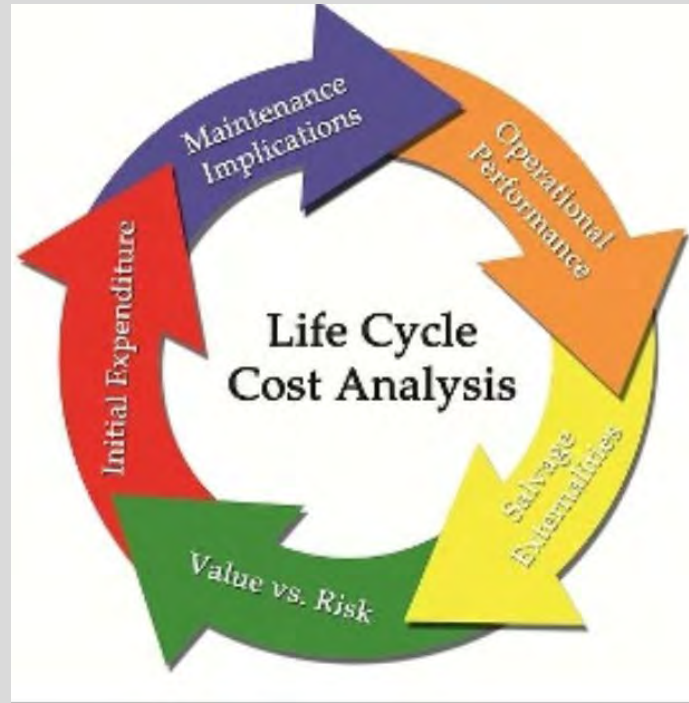
Perform multiple iterations of the design with different plausible input values to get a sense of the range of pavement structures needed to carry the anticipated loads in various scenarios.

Use engineering judgment to select the optimum pavement structure.

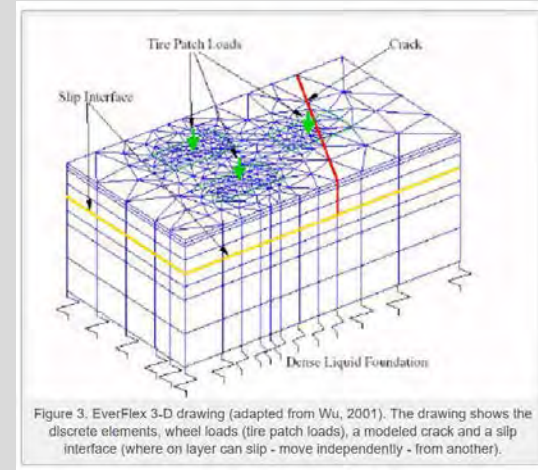
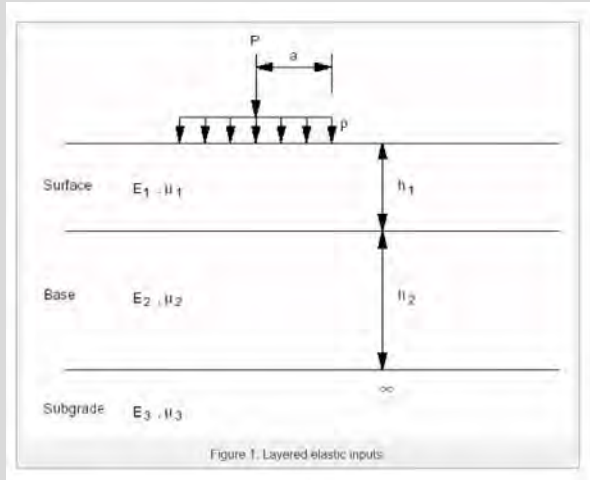


# Additional PAVEXpress Functions

# Life Cycle Cost Analysis



# Layered Elastic Analysis



# Parking Lot Design Guidance



# Porous Pavement Design





# PAVEInstruct.com Learning Module

*complement to PAVEXpress*

- Available on-demand via web
- Flexible and rigid pavement design
- Detailed use of PAVEXpress
- Leading industry expert instructors
- No cost to user
- PDHs available

# Pavement Design Learning Modules

## PAVEInstruct.com

The screenshot displays the 'Home' page of the PAVEInstruct.com website. At the top, there is a search bar labeled 'Search my courses' and navigation icons for 'Name' and a grid view. The main content area features a course titled 'Asphalt Pavement Alliance - PaveXpress Learning Module'. Below this title, a list of eight sessions is shown, each with a progress indicator (0% or 'COMPLETED'), an 'INSTRUCTOR' button, and an 'INFO' button. The right sidebar contains several utility links: 'Course catalog' (Find new courses), 'Progress' (Find out how you are doing with your training), 'Join group' (Join a group to communicate with its members and get its courses), 'Discussions' (Hold conversations with fellow users), and 'Calendar' (View current and upcoming events).

Home

Search my courses

Name

Course catalog  
Find new courses

Progress  
Find out how you are doing with your training

Join group  
Join a group to communicate with its members and get its courses

Discussions  
Hold conversations with fellow users

Calendar  
View current and upcoming events

**Asphalt Pavement Alliance - PaveXpress Learning Module**

Session	Progress	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 1 - Introduction	COMPLETED	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 2 - New Pavement Designs with 93/98 AASHTO	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 3 - Overlay Design	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 4 - Mechanistic-Empirical Pavement Design and Evaluation	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 5 - Intro to Mechanistic-Empirical Design w/PerRoad	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 6 - PerRoad Design	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 7 - Porous Pavement Design with PaveXpress	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO
Session 8 - Initial Costing and LCCA Functions	0%	INSTRUCTOR	INFO



Designing New Pavements  
Using PaveXpress

Mark as completed and continue >

PAVEInstruct

POWERED BY:  
 HEADLIGHT<sup>™</sup>  
www.paviasystems.com

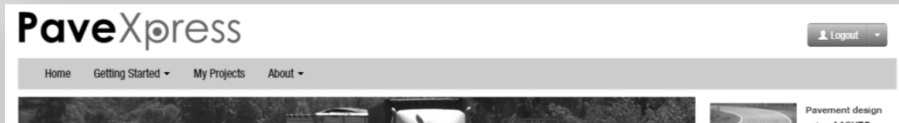
So What Is Coming Next?

# Next Version Features

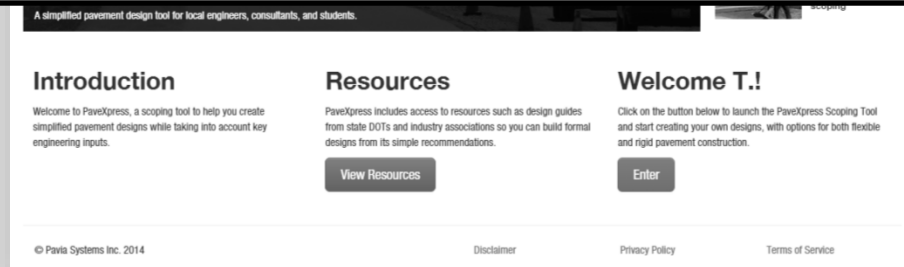
- ME Design with PerRoad Embedded
- Simplified LCCA
- Metric Units

# PaveXpress

*A Simplified Pavement Design Tool*



[www.PaveXpressDesign.com](http://www.PaveXpressDesign.com)



# PAVEXpress



Thank you!

# women of asphalt

## WOMEN OF ASPHALT

WE LEAD AND INSPIRE WOMEN IN THE ASPHALT INDUSTRY



- Women of Asphalt is a national coalition which supports women in all aspects of the asphalt industry through mentoring, education, and advocacy, and by encouraging women to seek careers in the asphalt industry.





