Multiple Stress Creep Recovery (MSCR): Binder Selection and Lessons Learned

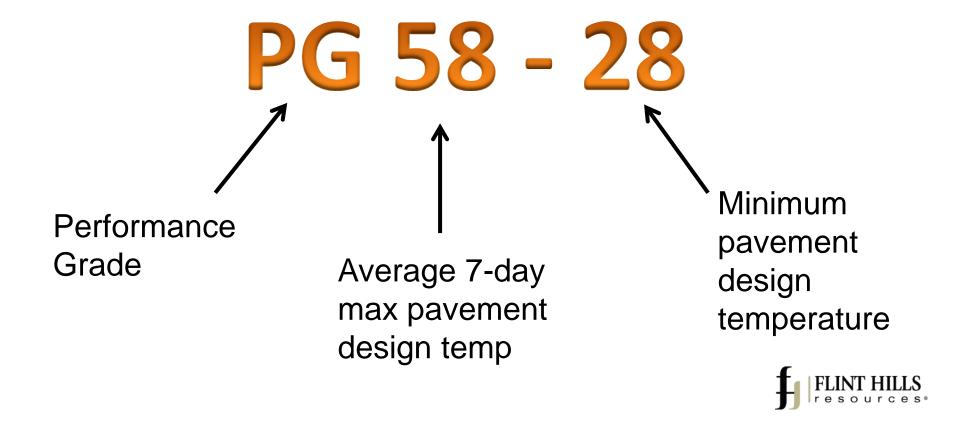
2017 North Dakota Asphalt Conference

Andy Cascione Flint Hills Resources, LP



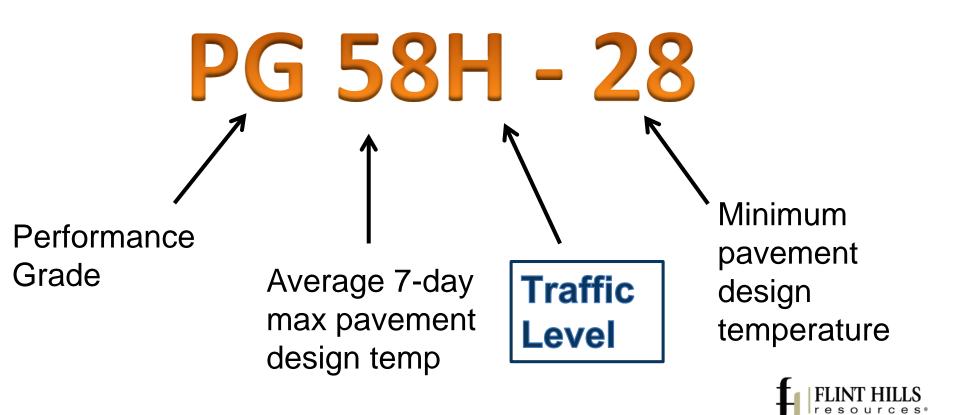
Past Asphalt Binder Specification

Grading System Based on Climate



MSCR Asphalt Binder Specification

Grading System Based on Climate and Traffic



MSCR Asphalt Binder Specification

Letter Designation	Traffic Level	
S	Standard	
H	Heavy	
V	Very Heavy	
E	Extreme	



Specification Differences

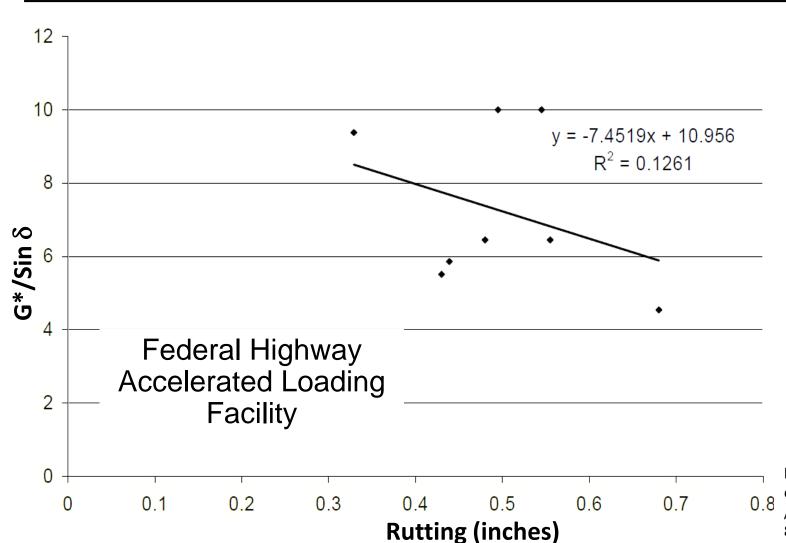
- Past Asphalt Binder Specification
 - The greater the temperature spread, the greater the modification level
- MSCR Asphalt Binder Specification
 - Temperature spread doesn't change
 - Rather, the greater the traffic level "letter", the greater the modification level



Why Change to the MSCR Specification?

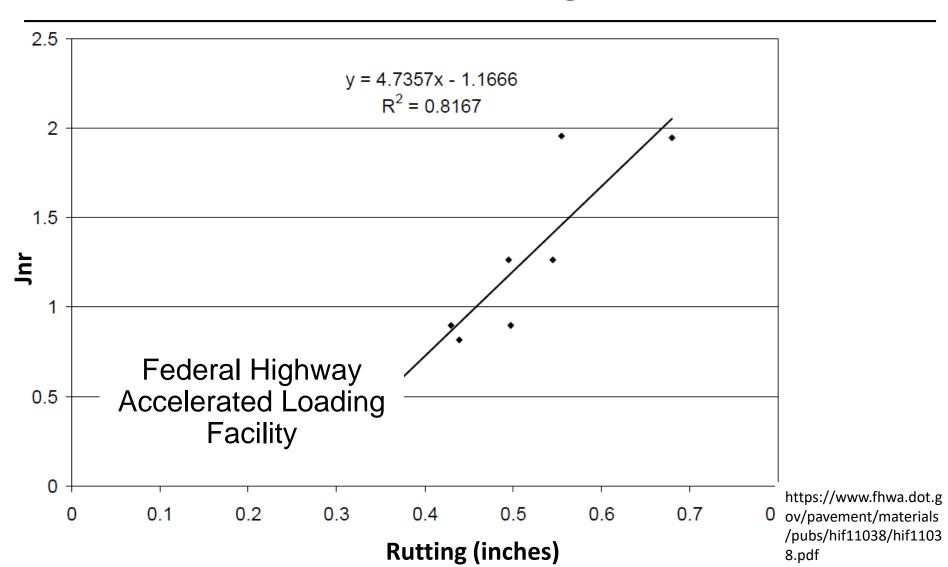


G*/Sinδ - Poor Rutting Correlation



https://www.fhwa.dot.g ov/pavement/materials /pubs/hif11038/hif1103 8.pdf

Jnr - Improved Rutting Correlation



Development of the MSCR Test

Still use the DSR

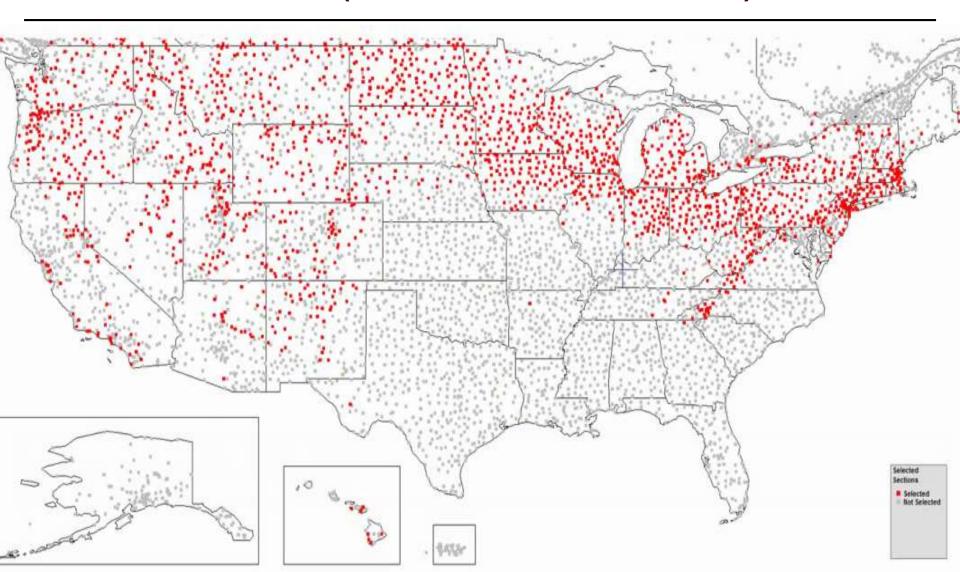
Test at actual pavement temperature

No temperature bumping

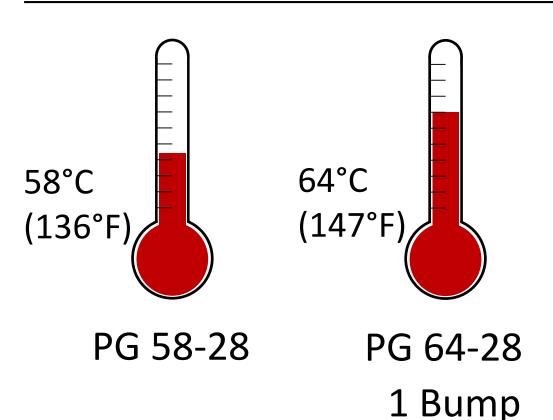
 Change the specification value rather than the test temperature



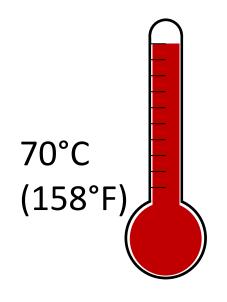
58°C (98% Confidence)



Past Temperature Grade Bumps



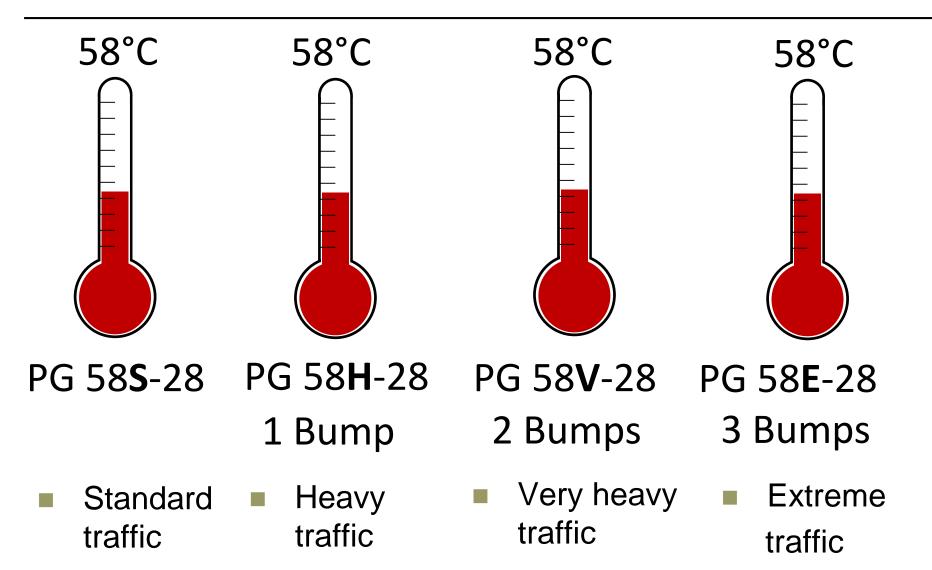
Standard traffic Slow or heavy traffic



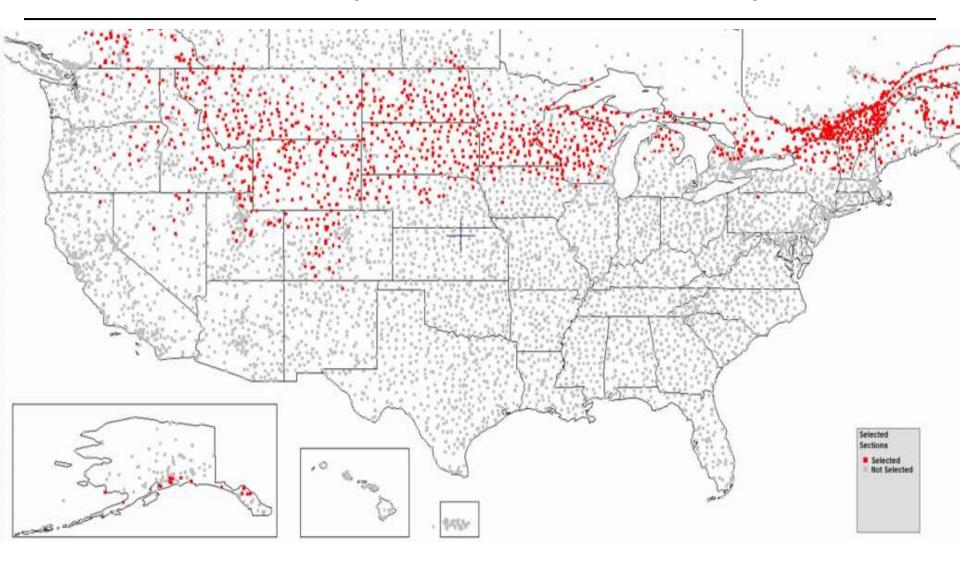
PG 70-28 2 Bumps

Stationary or high volume traffic

MSCR Traffic Bumping



-34°C (98% Confidence)

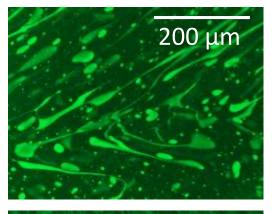


Combined States MSCR Specifications

Letter	Traffic Level	Jnr Value	% Recovery
58 S – 28	< 3 M ESAL's	< 4.5 kPa ⁻¹	
58 H – 28	> 3 M ESAL's	< 2.0 kPa ⁻¹	≥ 30%
58 V – 28	> 10 M ESAL's	< 1.0 kPa ⁻¹	≥ 55%
58 E – 28	> 30 M ESAL's	< 0.5 kPa ⁻¹	≥ 75%

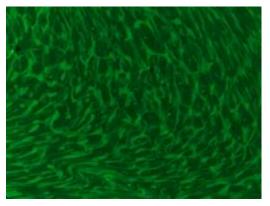


Benefit of % Recovery PMAC under Fluorescence Microscope



% R = 21.0

 $Jnr = 0.68 Pa^{-1}$



Partially Reacted

%R = 46.4

 $Jnr = 0.39 Pa^{-1}$



Fully Reacted

%R = 58.3

 $Jnr = 0.31 Pa^{-1}$

Binder Grade Comparisons

This MSCR Grade...

PG 58S – 28

PG 58H – 28

PG 58V - 28

PG 58E – 28

PG 58S - 34

PG 58H - 34

PG 58V - 34

PG 58E - 34

Is <u>close</u> (not equal) to a...

PG 58 – 28

PG 64 – 28

PG 64/70 – 28

PG 70/76 – 28

PG 58 – 34

PG 58 – 34

PG 58/64 - 34

PG 64/70 - 34

Lessons learned with MSCR

- □ Temperature bumping + traffic bumping
 - Results in over designing an asphalt binder



Lesson's learned with MSCR

- Challenges with JnrDiff
 - The JnrDiff specification was designed to limit stress sensitivity
 - Parameter has high variability (no spec tolerance)
 - AMRL does not certify labs on this parameter
 - Never properly evaluated for -34 binders
 - In fall 2016, the Binder ETG created a task group to investigate
 - Other CSBG DOT's have waived JnrDiff



Summary

- MSCR eliminates bumping the high temperature
- New parameters relate better to pavement rutting
- Selecting the right asphalt binder is only one part of producing long lasting roads
 - Aggregate selection, mix design, hot mix production, and application technique will remain as integral parts for project success



Thank You

Questions?

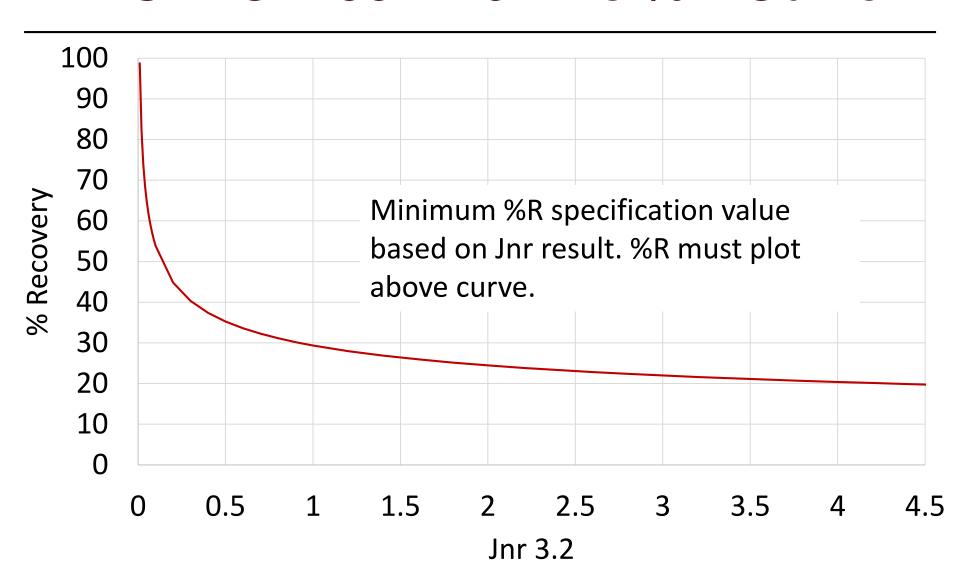


Lessons learned with MSCR

- Accounting for RAP
 - Lower the low temperature PG since that's where the failures are on RAP mixes
 - Some States lower the high temperature too
 - Iowa is trying 52°C for RAP mixes
 - All other CSGB States are sticking with 58°C



AASHTO M332 – Jnr vs %R Curve



AASHTO M332 – CSBG Modified

