



Pavement Preservation Why and How

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Topics

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- ▶ Crack Sealing
- ▶ Chip Sealing
- ▶ Fog Sealing
- ▶ Micro Surfacing



Why you need to crack seal!





Why Crack Treatment?

- ▶ Prevents water intrusion into subbase
- ▶ Prevents incompressible intrusion
- ▶ Improves ride quality smoothness
- ▶ Slows down pavement deterioration
- ▶ COST-EFFECTIVE



Why You Should Treat Cracks

- ▶ Protect your largest investment
- ▶ Pavement failure imminent
- ▶ Crack treatments are cost-effective, up to 9 years of (75% effectiveness) performance
- ▶ Extends pavement life



What cracks to treat?

- ▶ All cracks soon after they appear... any crack opening will allow moisture penetration into pavement foundation (subbase)
 - ▶ At minimum all cracks $\geq 1/8''$
- ▶ Rout and Seal
- ▶ Clean and Fill



How to Seal Cracks

- ▶ Rout & Seal use on newer pavements with transverse crack spacing greater than 20'
- ▶ Clean & Seal older pavements and longitudinal cracks



Don't forget edge joints





Chip Sealing





Chip Sealing

- ▶ It is a heavy asphalt membrane followed with layer of aggregate chips
- ▶ Strengths
 - ▶ Very tough
 - ▶ Fast
 - ▶ Improves friction characteristics
 - ▶ Long lasting



Chip Sealing

- ▶ Weakness
 - ▶ Loose rock
 - ▶ Damage from turning traffic
 - ▶ Too rough
 - ▶ Too heavy equipment
 - ▶ Does not fix structural issues
 - ▶ Does not improve ride



Chip Sealing

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- ▶ How to do it right
 - ▶ Design it
 - ▶ Use quality Materials
 - ▶ Clean Aggregate
 - ▶ No extra Aggregate
 - ▶ Polymer modified emulsion



Chip Sealing

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- ▶ Construction Practices
 - ▶ Place Aggregate immediately
 - ▶ Rolling
 - ▶ < 2 minutes
 - ▶ Minimum 3 passes
 - ▶ Minimum 3 rollers
 - ▶ Sweep ASAP

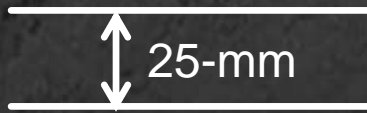
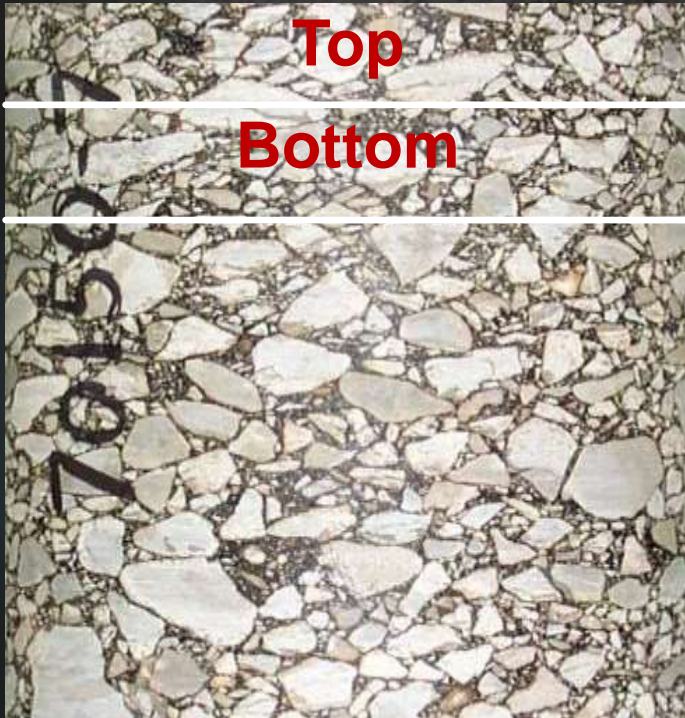


When to Apply Chip Seal

- ▶ Built aging study
 - ▶ Because 15 years take 15 years
- ▶ 3 inch Mill & Fill 1999
 - ▶ PG 58-28 binder
 - ▶ Chip seal 1 mile section each year starting in 2000
 - ▶ Last sections was chip seal 2004



TH56 Cores

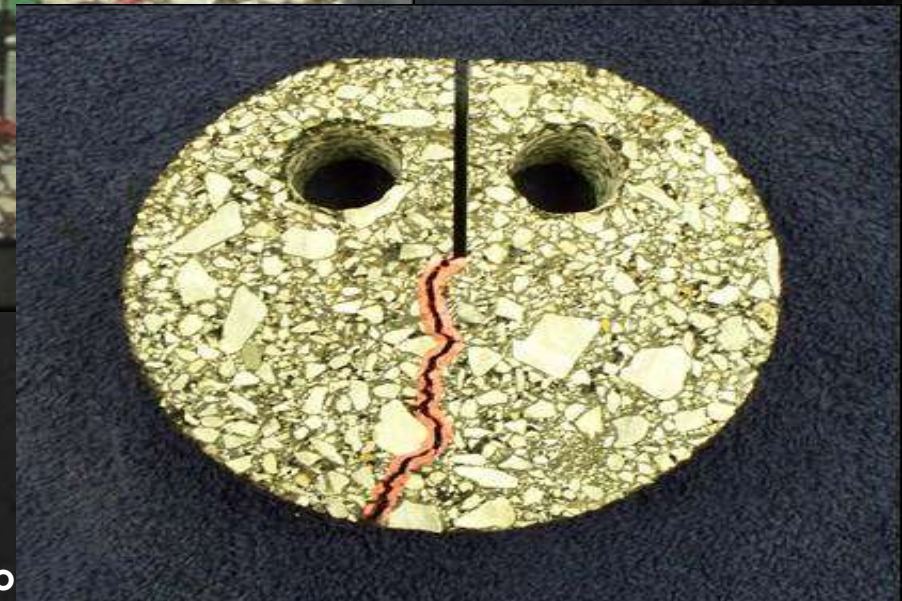
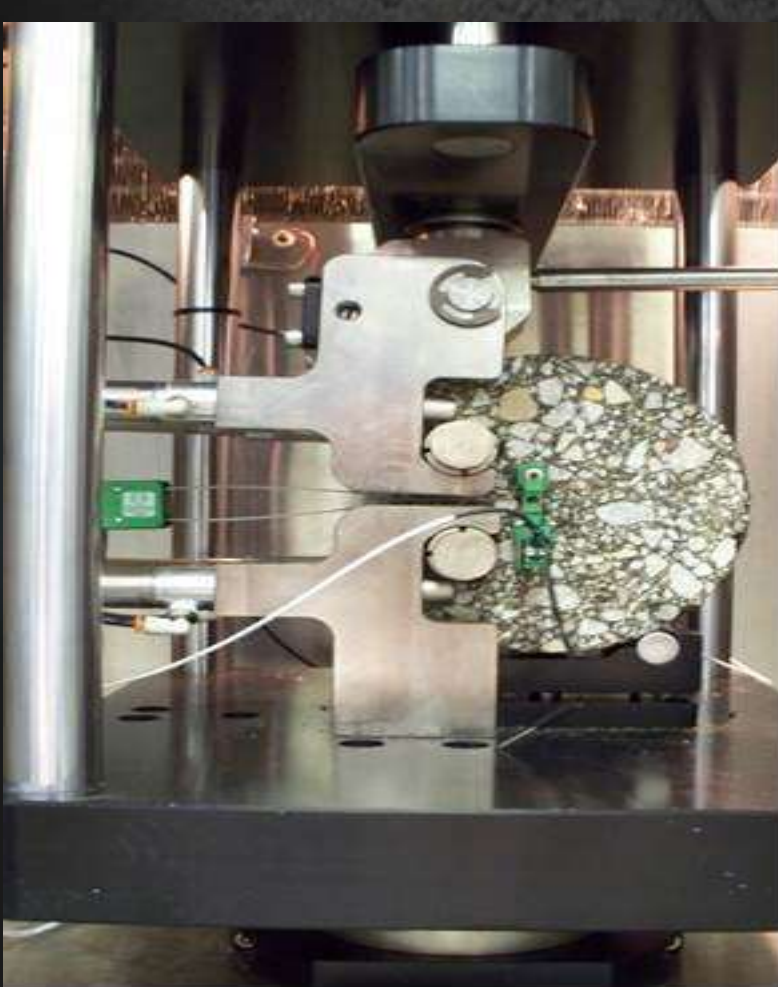


▶ Cores

- ▶ Remove chip seal (if any)
- ▶ Cut into two 25-mm layers
- ▶ Test for fracture energy (cracking potential)
- ▶ Recover component asphalt to check aging



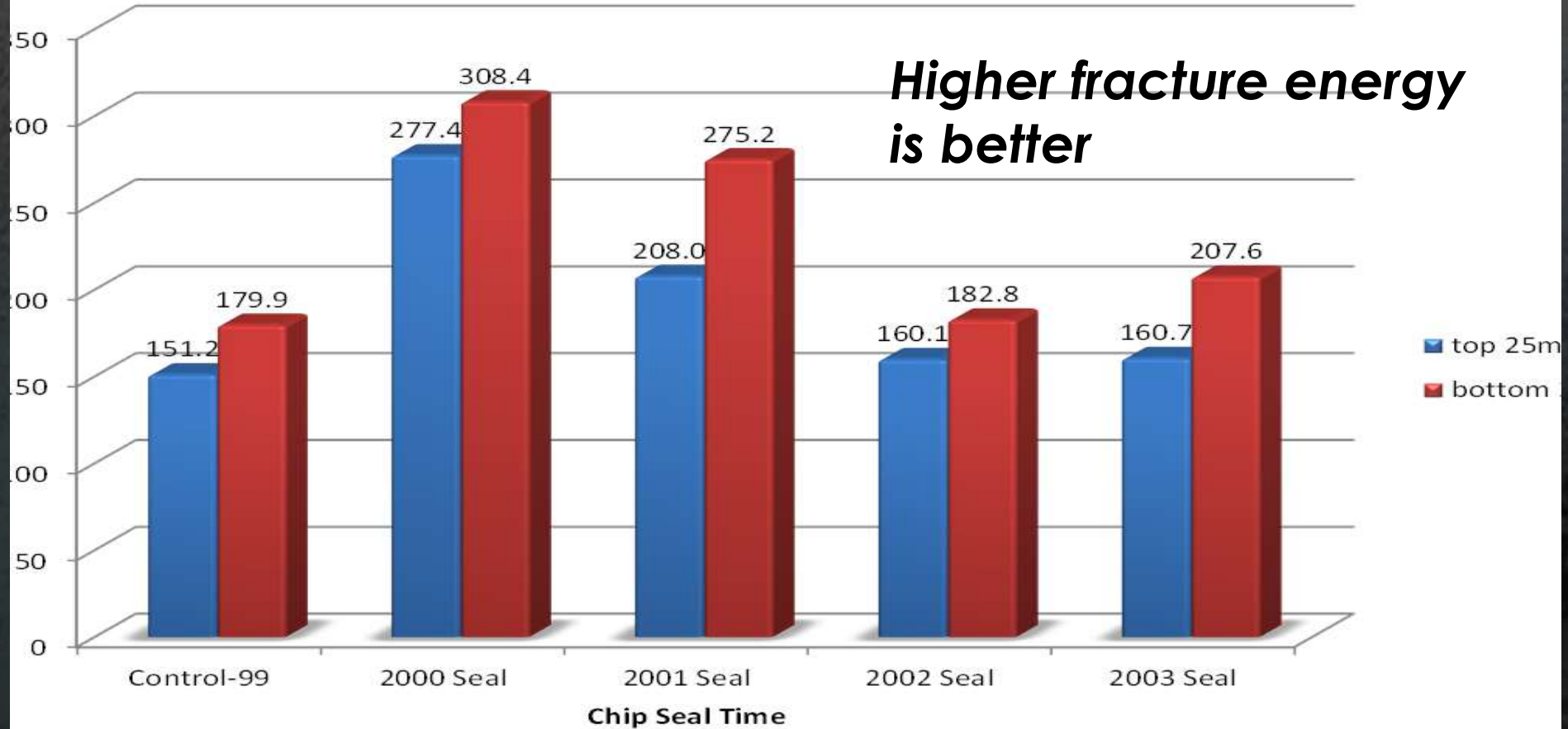
Disk-Shaped Compact Tension Test: DC(T)





DC(T) Results: TH-56

TH56: DC(t) Data @ -24°C



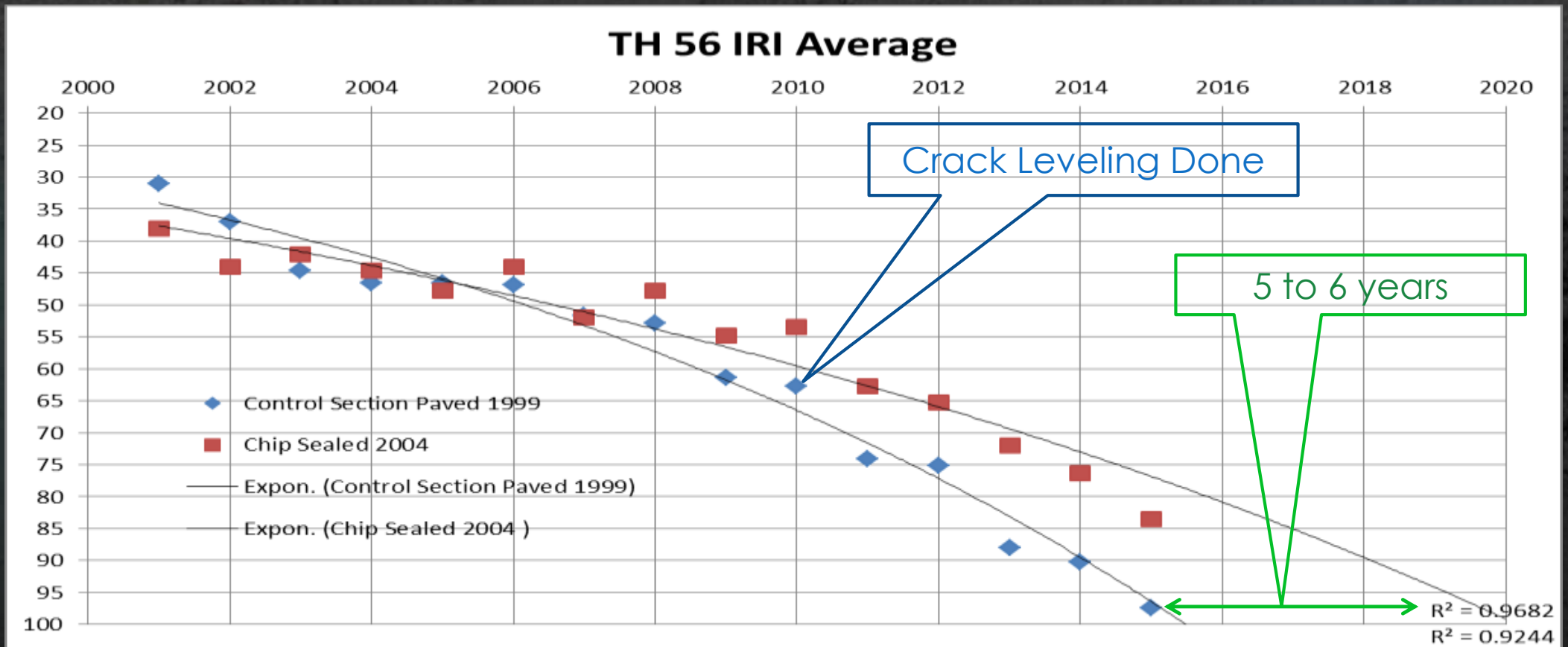


Asphalt Institute's Findings

- ▶ Sealing improves resistance to aging (cracking)
- ▶ Sooner is better when sealing
 - ▶ Waiting for 3 or more years to seal after construction produced similar results as unsealed pavement related to DCT
 - ▶ Sealing after 1 or 2 years showed improvement in resistance to aging (cracking)



MnDOT's Pavement Management Ride Data





Control Section Never Chip Sealed





Last Section Chip Sealed 2004





Fog Sealing





Fog Sealing

- ▶ Light uniform application asphalt emulsion
- ▶ Materials
 - ▶ Css-1h diluted
 - ▶ Diluted one part water to one part emulsion
 - ▶ 29% residual asphalt
 - ▶ Better penetration



Fog Sealing

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- ▶ Crs-2p diluted
 - ▶ Diluted one part water to three parts emulsion
 - ▶ 50% residual asphalt
 - ▶ Does not penetrate as good
 - ▶ Stays black longer



Fog Sealing

- ▶ Application
 - ▶ Spray applied
 - ▶ Rate 0.07 to 0.12 gal./y²



Fog Sealing

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- ▶ Strengths
 - ▶ Easy
 - ▶ Minimum equipment
 - ▶ Great job water proofing surface
 - ▶ Fill pop outs and micro cracks
 - ▶ Protects HMA from
 - ▶ UV, oxidation, & de-ice chemicals



Value of Fog Sealing





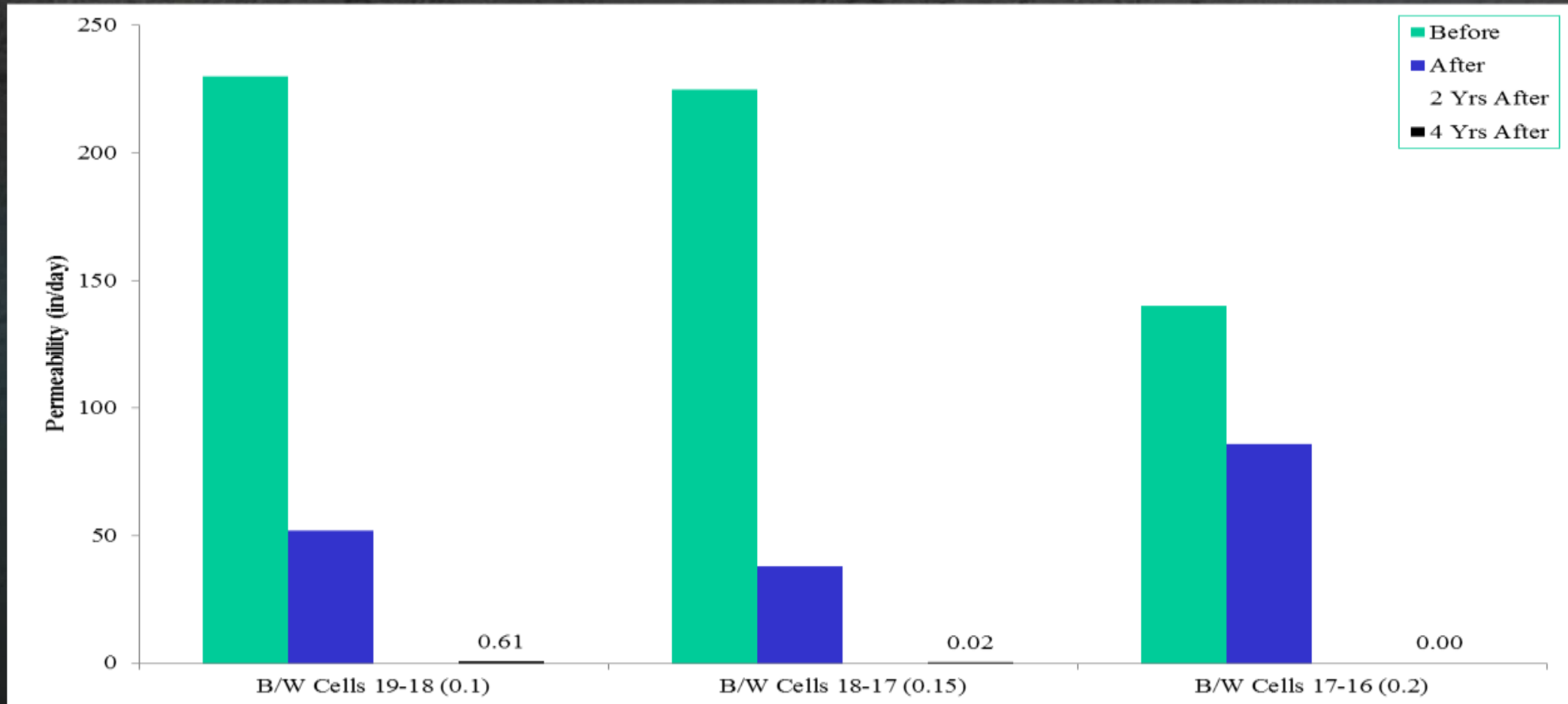
Why Fog Sealing Shoulders (Picture taken in 2009)



Fog Seal
applied 2001



Fog Sealing still working after 4 years





Micro Surfacing





What is Micro/Slurry

- ▶ Homogenous mixture of aggregate and asphalt emulsion
 - ▶ Like a Dairy Queen Blizzard
- ▶ Slurry cure by air drying
 - ▶ Top down
- ▶ Micro Surfacing chemical cure
 - ▶ Will cure and set at night



What is Micro/Slurry

- ▶ Used for Surface treatments
- ▶ Rut filling
- ▶ Ride improvement
- ▶ Improve Friction
- ▶ Used both on concrete and HMA



Project Selection

- ▶ Structurally sound
- ▶ Small potholes ok
- ▶ Raveling ok
- ▶ Flushing ok
- ▶ Aged and oxidized ok
- ▶ Slurry should only be used for surface treatment
 - ▶ One layer thick



Project Selection

- ▶ Micro
- ▶ Surface treatment
- ▶ Developed by Germans in the late 70'ies
- ▶ Rut filling
 - ▶ Up to 1 ½ inches in one pass
- ▶ Restore Cross Section
- ▶ More durable than slurry

Good Candidate





Rut Filling





Mobil

Mobil





Possible Candidate for Micro





NOT a Good Candidate for Micro







Micro Milling with PM Treatments





Micro Milling with Chip Seal or Micro Surfacing

- ▶ Why?
 - ▶ Need lower cost alternative to 1 ½ inch over lay
 - ▶ To improve ride
- ▶ What are the performance targets
 - ▶ Equal to 1½ inch over lay



Micro Milling with Chip Seal or Micro Surfacing

- ▶ Quicker than overlay
- ▶ Less costly overlay
 - ▶ Chip seal 40% of the cost of 1½ inch overlay
 - ▶ Micro Surfacing 60% cost of 1½ inch overlay



Micro Milling





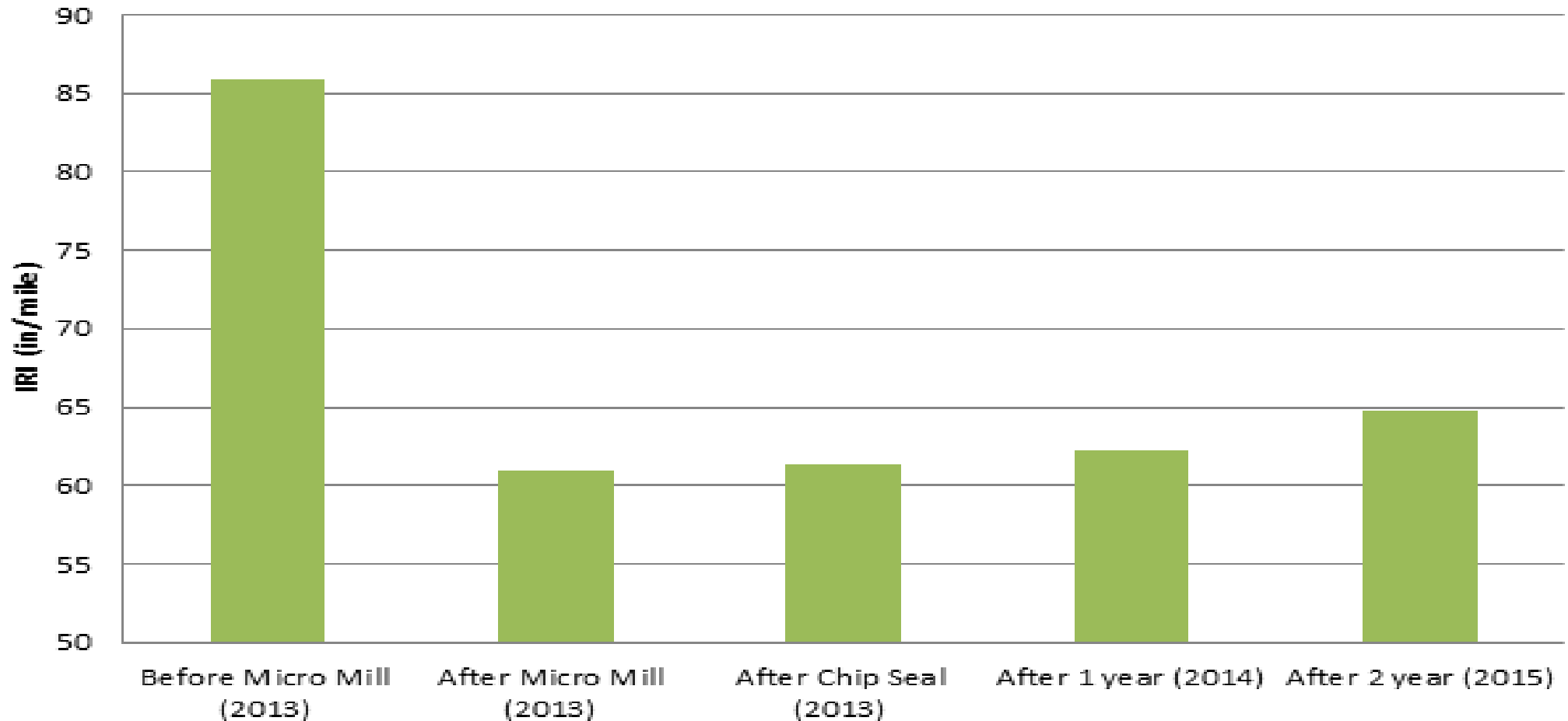
Micro Milling with Chip Seal





Results for Chip Seal

**Southbound RWP TH89 RP 60-74 Micro Mill /
Chipseal**





Micro Milling with Micro Surfacing

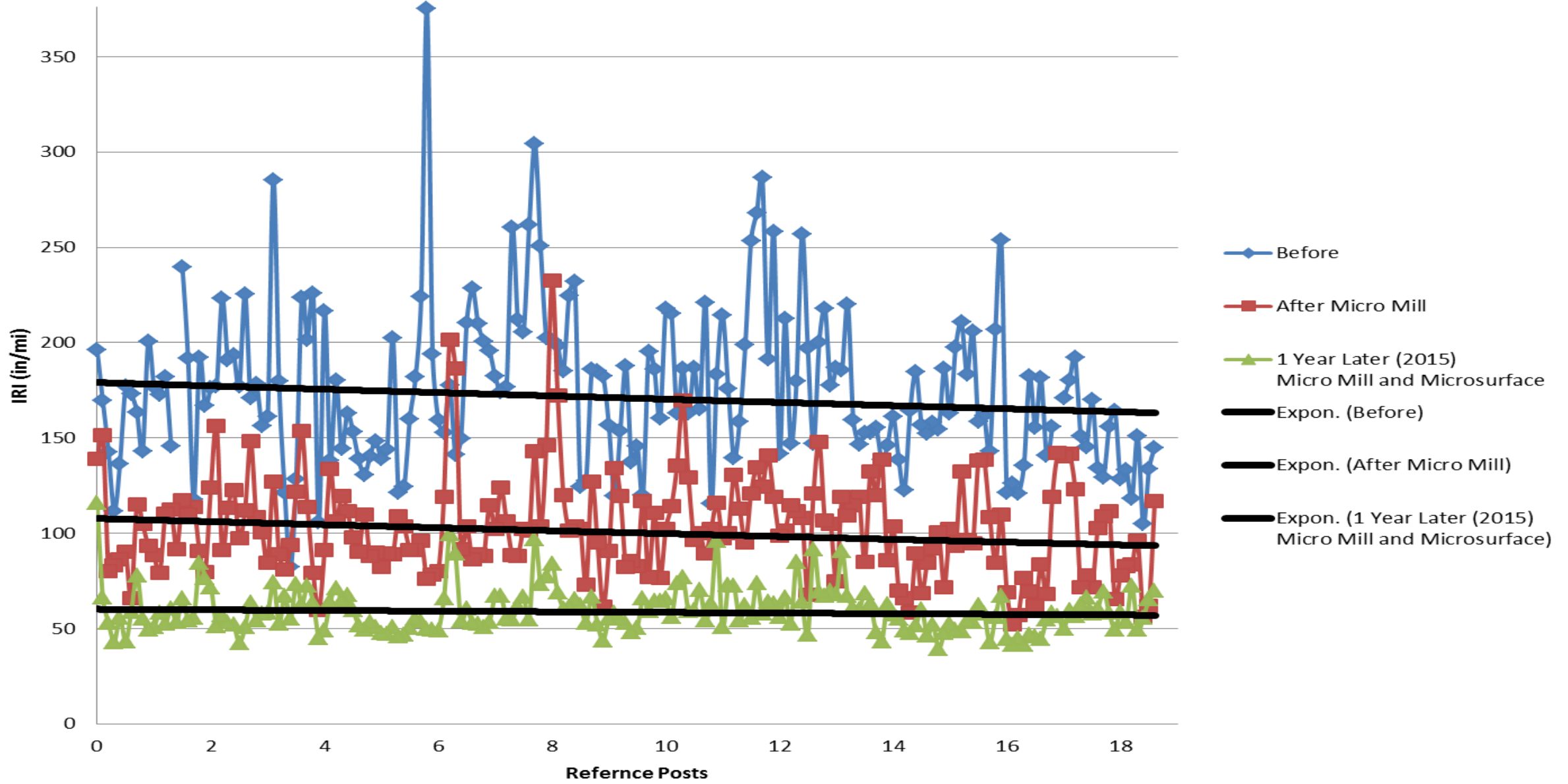




TH 64 Pre Condition



SB TH 64 Average of Both Wheel Paths





Current Condition





Question?





Thank You
Thomas Wood WSB & Associates Inc.